

General Assembly

Amendment

February Session, 2002

LCO No. 4994

HB0517604994HD0

Offered by:

REP. MUSHINSKY, 85th Dist.

SEN. WILLIAMS, 29th Dist.

REP. THOMPSON, 13th Dist.

REP. TRUGLIA, 145th Dist.

SEN. COOK, 18th Dist.

REP. STONE, 9th Dist.

REP. TERCYAK, 26th Dist.

REP. WINKLER, 41st Dist.

REP. BOUKUS, 22nd Dist.

REP. GREEN, 1st Dist.

To: Subst. House Bill No. 5176 File No. 260 Cal. No. 158

"AN ACT CONCERNING YOUTH IN CRISIS."

- 1 After the last section insert the following:
- 2 "Sec. 5. Section 46b-150f of the general statutes, as amended by
- 3 section 100 of public act 01-195, is repealed and the following is
- 4 substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2002*):
- 5 (a) Any selectman, town manager, police officer or welfare
- 6 department of any town, city or borough, probation officer,
- 7 superintendent of schools, any child-caring institution or agency
- 8 approved or licensed by the Commissioner of Children and Families,
- 9 any youth service bureau, a parent or foster parent of a youth, or a
- 10 representative of youth, who believes that the acts or omissions of a
- 11 youth are such that such youth is a youth in crisis may file a written

sHB 5176 Amendment

complaint setting forth those facts with the Superior Court which has venue over that matter.

- (b) A petition alleging that a youth is a youth in crisis shall be verified and filed with the Superior Court which has venue over the matter. The petition shall set forth plainly: (1) The facts which bring the youth within the jurisdiction of the court; (2) the name, date of birth, sex and residence of the youth; (3) the name and residence of the parent or parents, guardian or other person having control of the youth; and (4) a prayer for appropriate action by the court in conformity with the provisions of this section.
- (c) Upon determination that a youth is a youth in crisis in accordance with policies established by the Chief Court Administrator, the court may make and enforce orders, including, but not limited to, orders: (1) Prohibiting the youth in crisis from driving a motor vehicle for a time determined by the court; (2) requiring work or specified community service; (3) mandating that the youth in crisis attend an educational program in the local community approved by the court; and (4) requiring mental health services. A youth in crisis found to be in violation of any order under this section shall not be considered to be delinquent and shall not be punished by the court by incarceration in any state-operated detention facility or correctional facility.
- (d) The Judicial Department shall use any available appropriations
 for costs incurred by the department or the court pursuant to this
 section."